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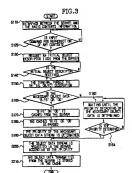
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EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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- (54) Method of controlling a terminal of MPEG-4 system using a caching mechanism
- (57) A method of controlling a terminal of the MPEG-4 system to enable to faster reproduce the selected contents through a caching mechanism includes, if the contents to be reproduced is selected, the terminal of the MPEG-4 system receives an Initial object descriptor of the selected contents from a server, and then determines an object of stream and the priority based on the initial object descriptor, object descriptor, and a scene description. A random object is stored in the cache at the point of reproducing the random object constituting the contents. If a final update time of the object stored in the cache is identical with that of the object existing in the server, the object requested to be reproduced from the cache is reproduced. Accordingly, the method makes it possible to more promptly reproduce the contents requested by a user and to provide more stable contents to the user.



Description

FIRED OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present Invention reletes to a method of controlling a terminal of an MPEG-4 (Moving Picture Experts Group-4) system, and more particularly, to a method of controlling an MPEG-4 system using a caching mechanism to [faster] more rapidly reproduce the controlling and applications at a client skip.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

[D002] MFEG-4 (Moving Picture Experts Group-4) is a technical standardization origination which relates to moving pictures and related audio elignal compression and reproduction and which operates under the name of "WG11 (Working Group 11)" in the "SC29 (Sub-Committee 29)". Here, the "SC29" is an originalization to establish the international standards of the musi-attituded, related coding mechanisms under the JTG (John Technical Committee), which is jointly established by the international Electrocetholical Conference.

[0003] Related to the MPEG-4 standard, there are 25 technical standards regarding the moving picture and the moving picture related audio signal compression and reproduction such as the MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 standards. In the MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 standards, a sending end compresses the moving picture and 30 appech information as input in a random volume according to the determined data throughput, and transmits the compressed moving picture and speech information in a bit stream. Then, a receiving end decodes the original moving picture and speech information from the bit 35 stream and outputs the decoded moving picture end aneach information on a screen or through a speaker. [D004] The MPEG-4 standard is different from the MPEG-1 and MPEG-2 standards with respect to the input eource. Specifically, one content consists of a 40 number of objects. Here, the objects are an audio stream, a visual stream, a scene description stream and an object descriptor stream. Therefore, a screen consists of the scene descriptor object [for constituting] to constitute the screen, the object descriptor object to 45 connect the scene descriptor to the audio and visual streams, and the audio and visual stream object to be displayed on the screen.

10005] Further, the MPEG-4 standard is constituted so that a synthetic picture, such as computer graphics so or time-dimensional data (facial animation), and synthetic sound information, such as MIDI, TTS (Text-Ti-Speech), are processed together. The existing standards are provided on condition that any detarmined technique should be designed in a senticonductor chip and manufactured in a system. However, the MPEG-4 althibitied disvisions a remaining the condition of the condit

treely the exessary and to neatize any desired functions. [0005] The unique feature of the MEGG 4 standard is no encentrate the utmost effort on an error correction conding mechanism africe, at the outlest, it was assumed that the MPEG-4 standard would be applied in mobile communication systems. Based on the above-mentioned feature, the system group has adopted the mullipiading mode and the synchronizing mode to contrib the bit stream according to the data service between the 9 waters and the nelwork.

10007) The main fields of application of the above-developed behindly are, for example, multimedia aravices of a portable device, initernet services, remote medical and educational systems, intendive Ty, interactive game metrines and digital video discs (DVD).

10008] Fig. 1 is a block diegram illustring a process or improducing the contents in a conventional MFEG-4.

system terminal. A terminal of a client side is connected to a server, and interface between the server and the basic contants information is performed (S1). When a command to reproduce the contents is input in the tarminal of the elect side by a user (S2), the client farminal requests from the server an initial object descriptor (CDI)(S3). If he I CDI a received (S4), the I CDI a practice of the server and initial object descriptor.

(SS), in set of USS as statemed (SS), the result of persing, it is determined whether the binary format some for cessing from (BIFS) streaming, the object description (OD) streaming, the visual streaming and/or the audio streaming are required (SS). If the object dista streaming is required (SS) the object dista streaming is required, the necessary object data is requested to the cession (SD).

to Is required, the necessary object data is requested to the server (ST). When the object data requised to the server is received (SS) and if the received data is the BIFS or OD, the terminal parsos each of the BIFS and OD (S9) and re-performs the operation S6. if any further as streaming of the object data is not required, the reproduction of the contents is ended. Otherwise, if the data

meshwel in the terminal is neither BIFS nor OO, the tracelved object data is reproduced (S10). Further, there exists any further object data to be received, the naceasary object data is requested to the servar (S7). However, if there is no more object data to be received, the reproduction of the contants is ended (S12). [9009] However, if the terminal of the above-men-

bloned MPEG4 system, since the object data is provid-49 ed by the sever side in response to the request from the client side, there is the problem that it takes a slightly longer time until the contents are reproduced. In other words, when the requested contents consists of a number of objects, the server transmits each object 50 through the streaming mode to the client. In this connection, the time for the client to request the object data

50 through the streaming mode to the client. In this connection, the time for the client to request the object data from the server and the time required until the response from the server is transmitted are additionally required and, as a consequence, it takes a slightly longer time until the contents are reproduced.

[0010] Moreover, when a number of objects are requested at the same time, there is the other problem of causing any overload in the network and system.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] It is, therefore, en object of the present invention to provide e method of controlling a terminal of the MPEG-4 eystem using a caching mechanism to enable e more rapid reproduction of the contents and to solve the shove and other problems.

[0012] Additional objects and advantages of the invention will be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention.

[0013] To achieve the above and other objects, there is provided a method of controlling the terminal of the MPEG-4 system according to an embodiment of the present invention, which comprises identifying an object of the object rism a server and storing the object data in a cache, if a reproduction of the object to travelets, determining whether the object data is stored in the cache, and if the object data is across the requested, determining whether the object data is stored in the cache, regregating and the object requested to be reproduced from the object data stored in the cache.

[D014] According to en aspect of the invention, the identifying the object to be cached comprises identifying streams as the object to be cached which are predetermined according to the kinds of etreams as transmitted from the server, end identifying the priority of the streams.

[0015] According to another aspect of the invention, the streams for caching include at least one of a scene description stream (binary tormat scene for description), an object descriptor stream, a visual stream and an audito stream.

[0016] According to yet another aspect of the invention, the scene description atream and the object descriptor stream are given the higher priority than the visuel stream and the audio stream.

[0017] According to a still another aspect of the invention, after persing the binary format scene for description streem, en initial screen entry streem is given a higher or priority.

[0018] According to e still another aspect of the invention, after parsing the binary format scene for description stream, a repeatedly using stream and e stream which is referred to using USE/DEF in meny places on one 45 scene of the object are given a higher priority.

[0019] According to still yet enother aspect of the Invention, when the server receives a list of the streams made out in the order of frequency in the request by the client, the etreams included in the received list ere given the higher orderfut.

[0020] According to e further espect of the invention, the object data stored in the cache includes a plurality of storage units having a final update time of the contents, a map, and an access unit for a random eccess of the streem.

[0021] According to e yet further aspect of the Invention, the storage unit comprises the access unit and a sync layer header fleid.

[0022] According to a still further aspect of the invention, the method of controlling the terminal of the MPEG-4 system further comprises competing a fillal update time of the object data stored in the cache to a final update time of the object data stored in the server.

[0023] According to a still yet further aspect of the invention, as a result of the comperison, if the two final update times are identical with each other, the object is reproduced from the cache in the reproducing the object end, if the two final update times are not identical with each other than the comperison update times are not identical with each other than one to increase the managerial to impressible above.

reproduced from the cache in the reproducing the doject end, if the two final update times are not identical with each other, the server is requested to transmit the object data. [0024] According to an additional aspect of the inven-

9 ion, in the caching the object from the server end storing the object in the scale, the semont of data to be reproduced for a predetermined time is cached and stored. [D025] According to set actional aspect of the invention, in the reproducing, a difference between a time samp of 6 fine locases until and a time stamp of a start access until among the access until at the start one cache is calculated, such that, as a result, if a value is determined as being less than a predemined threshold, the

rest of the object is requested in the server to be repro-5 duced, the minimum value of the threshold uses the time when a first one of the access units arrives when the stream of the object is requested to the server, and the predetermined threshold is set up according to the media.

7 [0025] According to a still additional aspect of the invention, the method of controlling the terminal of the MPEG-4 system further comprises requesting the server to transmit the object requested to be reproduced if the object not stored in the cache is requested to be reproduced; if the object requested to be reproduced to received from the server, reproducing the object received, and if the reproduced object data to determined as the object data to be cached, soft into the object data is determined.

40 [0027] According to a still yet additional sepect of the invertion, according to the method of controlling the terminel of the MPEG-4 system, the object data required to be reproduced is stored in the terminal and then reproduced with makes it possible to promptly provide 45 the contents and to more stably reproduce the contents against any effocts due to network congestion.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

in the cache

io [0028] The ebove and other objects, features and adventages of the present invention will become more apparent and more readily appreciated from the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a flow chart illustrating a process of reproducing the contents in the terminal of a conventional MPEG-4 system;

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FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating a terminal of a MPEG-4 system according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a flow chart illustrating a process of eaching an object belonging to the contents of the terminal of the MPEG-4 system shown in FIG. 2;

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating a process of reproducing the object belonging to the contents of the terminal of the MPEG-4 system shown in FIG. 2;

FIGs. 5A through 5C illustrate a structure of a file stored in a cache according to an embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0029] Embodiments of the present invention will now be desorted with reference to the accompanying drew-lings. In the following description, like reference numericals are used for the same elements ewen in different 20 crewings. The matters defined in the description such as a detailed construction and elements of a circuit or program are examples only and seasist in providing a comprehensive understanding of the invention. Thus, it is apparent that the present invention can be carried out 20 without limitation to those defined matters. Also, well-known functions or constructions are not described in detail alinos: they would obscure the invention with unnecessary detail.

[0030] Fig. 2 is a block diagram illustrating a terminal of the MPEG-4 system according to an embodiment of the present invention. The terminal of the MPEG-4 holicides an input 10, a server interface 20, a cache 30, a display 40 and a control unit 80. The input 10 includes kays used by a user to input a command to select and surproduce the contrast. However, it is understood that other types of input 10 can be used, such as touch screen displays, a computer mouse, a recolver for a remote control device, or any other device through which inputs received hin a system.

[0031] The Interface 20 provides an interface between the server (not shown) and data sent from the terminal. The cache 30 stores object data for an object is provided from the server. The display 40 displays the contents including the object under the control of the 45 control unit 50. The control unit 50 pre-caches the contents provided from the server and to be stored [the contents) in the cache 30. If a request for reproduction of random contents is input through the input 10, the control unit 50 pre-caches the objects which make up the 50 requested contents provided in the server and stores the objects as object data in the cache 30. If the object to be reproduced is the object stored as object data in the cacha 30, the object requested to be reproduced by the object data pre-stored in the cache 30 is displayed in 65 the display 40.

[0032] FIG. 3 is a flow chart illustrating an embodiment of an operation of caching the terminal of the MPEG-4 system shown in FiG. 2. A terminal of a client side is connected to a server and performs an interface between the server and the basic contents information (\$110), if a command is input into the terminal to reproduce containts (\$120), the client terminal requests an expectation of the containts (\$120), the client terminal requests an expectation of the containts (\$120), the client terminal requests an expectation of the containts (\$120).

5 duce contants (S120), the client terminal requests an initial object descriptor (IOD) from the server (S130). Then, if the initial object descriptor is received (S140), the terminal parses the Initial object descriptor (IOD) (S150). As a result of the persing, it is determined wheth-

or tha necessary object data is a BIFS' or an 'O'. (S160). If the necessary object data is the BIFS or Othe OD, the BIFS or the OD is cached from the server (S170). Than, the cached BIFS or OD is parsed (S180), and the priority of the necessary object data stream is 5 detarminad (S190).

Deasimistral (3 level) is the determined from the persed IOD that the necessary object data is not the "BIFS" or the "OD" in operation \$150, the system waits until the priority of caching of the necessary object data is determined (\$162).

20 The priority is determined based upon whether the priority is determined in operation \$190 (\$184), if the priority is determined in persons \$190 (\$184), if the priority is determined start operation \$190 or \$194, the obliged data reasons in requested from the every a conjugate to the determined priority (\$200). Then the object data the cache (\$200) (\$200) in the where the object data the cache (\$200) (\$200) in the MPEG-4 system, the scene description stream, the object descriptor stream, the violual stream, and the sudde stream are trappently used and have a tablic basel billing or being research. As such, according to the control of th

and the sudic stream are frequently used and have a high possibility of being repeated. As such, according to an aspect of the invention, these are predetermined objects of caching. Further, since the scene description stream and the object descriptor arream are indepensable to the construction of the scene, these streams are preferentially eached sheet of the other arreams acoording to another aspect of the invention, [00393] According to an aspect of the invention, for the

visual streem, the audic streem, and the acens description streem, in a higher priority is given to the streem to be proteomitally used and the streem to be repeatedly seed after prenaring the BIPS (Biner Je Demis Some for Description) streem. For Instance, the higher priority is given to the object streem to be used in a first carried of the scene, the object streem to be repeatedly played using a loop fail, and the object streem to be reduced. In a number of places using a USE/DEF, however, when apporting proactive caching, when the list of the streems frequently requested is received from the servit, the streems included in the received list have the

59 [0035] As shown in FIG. SA, each fire stored in the cacha includes a final update time of an object, a map, and storage units. The final update time of the object is the time that the objectod selected in the severe was Finally updated. The map indicates the first storage unit. 56 (a year legyer header and an access unit as shown in FIG. 55) builded in the file stored in the cache and the volume value of seah storage unit. The map enables—arrandom access of the stream a shown in FIG. 55C. As

higher priority.

shown in FIG. 5B. each storage unit comprises an acceas unit and a sync lever header field corresponding to the access unit. Here, the flie includes the storage units under the emount capable of being reproduced during a specified time. That is, if the object data is big- 5 ger than the capacity of the cache 30, only as much of the object data is cached end stored as is possible.

[D037] FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating an ambodiment of an operation of reproducing the contents of the MPEG-4 system terminel as shown in FIG. 2. When a 10 command to reproduce the contents is input through en input 10 end e necessary object is selected as a result of parsing an object descriptor and e BIFS (S410). It is determined whether object data for the requested object is stored in the cache 30 (S420). If the object data is not 15 stored in the cache 30, e server is requested to transmit the object data (\$460), However, if the object data is stored in the cache 30, a comparison is made comparing a finel update time between the stored object date and the object data stored in the server to determine whether 20 the final update times are identical (\$430), if the final update times ere identical, the object data is read out from the cache 30 and the object data as requested is raproduced through e display 40 (\$440). If the final updeta times are not identical, the server is requested to 25 transmit the object deta requested to be reproduced (S460). When the object dete is transmitted from the server 30, the object data is stored in the cacha 30 (\$470). For this, the finel update time of the contents is clearly stated in the server.

[D038] If the object data stored in the cache 30 is a part of the whole object data (\$450), the server is requested to transmit the rest of the object data (\$460). According to an aspect of the invention, the request time to request the rest of the object data from tha server is 35 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the identifying come time under the threshold setting the difference between e time stamp of e last eccess unit and a tima stamp of a start access unit among the access units included in the reproduction remaining amount (i.e., the total time of the remaining amount of the date to be reproduced) among the object data stored in the cache 30. [0039] Here, a minimum value of the threshold is the time on which the access unit first arrives when requesting the server to transmit the object data. Since the first errival tima is different by media, it is possible to calculate, maintain end use the threshold per media. If date stored in the cache is not used, tha object is reproduced receiving the data transmitted from the server, if the object data as received is determined as en object to be cached, the object data for caching is stored, reproducing the data transmitted from the server.

[D040] According to an aspect of the Invention, tha controlling unit 50 is a computer implementing the methods in FIGs. 3 and 4 using data encoded on a computer readable medium.

[0041] According to the method of controlling the terminal of the MPEG-4 system using the caching mecha nism in the present Invention, the contents requested to be reproduced by a user can be more promptly reproduced by caching the date necessary for the caching. Further, it provides more stable contents to users because it is less effected by the network congestion.

(0042) While the Invention has been shown and described with reference to certain embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that varlous changes in form and details may be made tharein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims and equivelents thereof.

Claims

- 1. A method of controlling a terminal of an MPEG-4 system, the method comprising:
- identifying en object to be cached; caching the object from e server and storing the same in a cacha:
 - recaiving a request to reproduce a requested object and determining whether the object stored in the cache includes the requested oblect: and
- reproducing the requested object from the object stored in the cache, if the requested object is stored in the cache.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the identifying comprises identifying the object to be cached according to kinds of streams to be transmitted from the serv-
- prises identifying a predeterminad priority of the streams to be transmitted from the server.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the stream comprises at least one of a scene description stream, an object descriptor stream, a visual stream and an audio stream.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the priority assigns e higher priority to the scena description stream end the object descriptor stream as compered to the visual stream and the audio stream.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein, if the scene descriptor stream includes a binary format scene for description (BIFS) stream, the BIFS stream is persed and the priority assigns a higher priority to an initial entry stream, e repeatedly used stream and e streem referred to in a number of pieces using USE/DEF as determined through the parsing of the BIFS stream.
- 7. The method of claim 3, wherein the priority assigns

a higher priority to the stream included in a stream list, if the server receives the stream list made out according to a frequency of request from a client.

The method of claim 1, wherein the object stored in δ the cache comprises:

a final update time of the object, a map for a random eccess of a streem, and storage units,

each of the storage units includes an access

- The method of claim 8, wherein each of the storage units comprises the access unit and a sync leyer 15 header field.
- 10. The method of claim 8, further comprising comparing the final update time of the object stored in the cache and a final update time of the object recorded 20 in the server, wherein the object from the cache is reproduced if the final update times are identical.
- Tha method of cleim 8, wherein the caching comprises eaching and storing an amount of data for the object capable of being reproduced during a specific time.
- The method of claim 11, wherein the reproducing comprises:

calculating a difference between a time stamp of a last access unit and a time stamp of a secoses unit among the eccess units stored in the cache to obtain a result value; and if the result value is determined to be less than a predeamnined threshold, requesting the result value of the access units of the object from the server and reproducing data from the remarked of the access units.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein e minimum value of the predetamined threshold is an arrival time of a first one of the access units when requesting the stream of the object from the server.
- The method of claim 13, wherein the threshold is set-up according to types of media.
- The method of any preceding claim, further comprising:

requesting a transmission of the requested object from the server if the requested object is not the object stored in the cache;

reproducing a received object from the server if the object requested to be transmitted from the server is received; and storing the data of the received object in the cache if the received object data as reproduced is determined as the object to be cached.

 A tarminal for use in reproducing MPEG-4 encoded data in objects received from a source, comprising:

> an interface through which the terminal receives the MPEG-4 data from the source;

a memory; an input unit which receives a request to play a

requested object; and a controller which, in response to the request to piery the requested object, controls object data to be received from the source and stored in the memory, compress the stored object data with the requested object, and, if the stored object data conseption with the requested object, and, if the other object data conseption of with the requested object, approduces the requested object using the stored object data the reviews did not in the memory.

- 17. The terminal of ciaim 16, wherein the controllar requests an initial object descriptor from the source to determine the object data to be requested and stored in the memory.
- 18. The terminel of cleim 16, wherein the controller, if the requested object does not correspond with this stored object date, requests the requested object be received from the source and reproduces the requested object using object data received from the source.
- The terminal of claim 16, wherein the controller further:

datermines whether the object data corresponding to the requested object corresponds to all of the object data required to reproduce the requested object, and

If the object data corresponding to the requested object corresponds to less than all of the object data required to reproduce the requested object, requests and stores a remainder of the object data from the source as the requested object is being reproduced from the object data stored in the memory.

- 20. The terminal of claim 16, wherein, it multiple objects are requested, the controller identifies a predetermined priority order of the objects to be requested and stored in the memory, and requests the objects according the identified predetermined priority order.
- 21. The terminal of claim 16, wherein the controller identifies the requested object to be stored according to kinds of streams to be received from the

source

22. The terminal of claim 21, wherein, if multiple objects are requested, the controller further identifies a predetermined priority of the streams for the objects to be requested and stored in the memory.

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- The terminal of claim 22, wherein each stream comprises at least one of a scene description stream, an object descriptor stream, a visual stream and an audio stream.
- The terminel of claim 23, wherein the predetermined priority assigns e higher priority to the scene description stream and the object descriptor stream 15 as compared to the visual stream and the audio stream.
- 25. The terminal of claim 24, wherein, if the scene descriptor steem includes a binary format scene for 20 description (BIFS) stream, the BIFS stream is paraed and the predetermined priority assigns a higher priority to an initial entry stream, a repeatedly used stream and a stream referred to in a number of piaces using USE/DEF as determined through \$25 the parallel of the BIFS stream.
- 26. The terminal of claim 22, wherein predetermined the priority assigns a higher priority to the stream included in a stream list, where the stream list reflects a frequency of request for the streams.
- 27. The terminal of claim 18, wherein the controller further:

determines compares the stored object data and object data corresponding to the requested object data stored at the source to determine which object data was last updated, requests the object data stored at the source if the object data stored at the source was last updated, and

reproduces the stored object data from the memory if the object data stored in the memory was last updated.

28. The terminal of cleim 16, wherein the stored object data in the memory comprises:

a final update time of the object, e map for e so random access of a stream, and storage units, and

each of the storage units includes an access

The terminal of claim 28, wherein each of the storage units comprises the access unit and a sync layer header field.

- 30. The terminal of claim 28, wherein the controller further compares the final update time of the stored object data stored in the memory and a final update time of the object data stored at the source, and the stored object data is reproduced from the cache if the final update times are identiced.
- 31. The terminal of claim 28, wherein controller stores the object data in the memory according to an amount of the object data capable of being reproduced during a specific time.
- 32. The terminel of cleim 31, wherein the controller further calculates a difference between a time stamp of e lest access unit and e time stamp of a start access unit emong the access units stored in the memory to obtain a result value, and

If the result value is determined to be less than e predetermined threshold, requesting e remainder of the access units of the requested object from the source and reproducing data from the remainder of the access units.

- 33. The terminal of claim 32, wherein a minimum value of the predetermined threshold is an errivel time of a first one of the access units when requesting the streem of the requested object from the source.
- 34. The terminal of claim 33, wherein the threshold is set-up according to types of media.
 - A computer program configured to be run by data processing means to perform a method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15 or to provide terminal functionality as claimed in any one of claims 16 to 94.
- 36. A computer readable medium encoded with processing instructions for implementing a method of controlling a terminal of en MPEG-4 system performed by a computer, the method:

caching object data from a source and storing the cached object data in a cache;

receiving a request to reproduce a requested object and determining whether the stored object and includes the requested object, and reproducing the requested object from the stored object data, if the stored object data includes the requested object.

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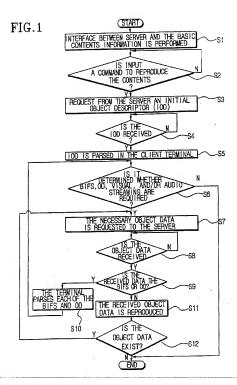
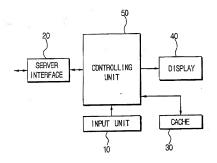


FIG.2



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_ ...

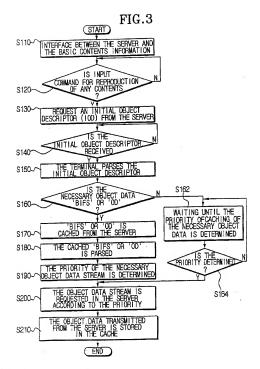


FIG.4

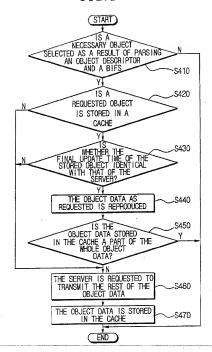


FIG.5A

FINAL UPDATE TIME INFORMATION		MAP.	STORAGE UNITS
STORAGE UN	ITS	STORAGE UNITS	STORAGE UNITS
STORAGE UNITS	STORA	GE UNITS	

FIG.5B

SL Header	Access Unit

FIG.5C

POINT OF STORAGE UNI	FIRST T IN FILE	VOLUME VALUE OF EACH STORAGE UNIT	VOLUME VALUE OF EACH STORAGE UNIT
VOLUME VALUE	VOLUME VALUE	VOLUME VALUE	• • •
OF EACH	OF EACH	OF EACH	
STORAGE UNIT	STORAGE UNIT	STORAGE UNIT	